Rome Test Review

1. Who were the chief executives in the early Roman Republic?

2. What is the government where citizens have the right to choose their leaders?

3. Who could rule for only 6 months during a time of crisis?

4. What were plebeians?

5. What was the name of the upper class in Roman society?

6. What were the large military units that Romans were organized into?

7. What emperor brought about Pax Romana?

8. What happened to the first triumvirate of Caesar, Crassus and Pompey?

9. Who was the Carthaginian leader during the Punic Wars?

10. What gave Rome the “upper hand” over the Mediterranean?

11. Who became dictator after the breakdown of the First Triumvirate?

12. What was the name of the Roman Code of Laws?

13. What was the period of peace and prosperity called in Rome?

14. What is a major contribution of the Romans to western society?

15. Why were Roman rulers against the practice of Christianity?

16. Who was required to serve in the military?

17. What religion stressed a more personal relationship with God?

18. What structure carries water long distances?

19. What structure was used to distract the poor from their miserable lives?

20. Why was Julius Caesar murdered?

21. What river did Caesar cross in defiance of the Senate?

1. the consuls

2. a republic

3. a dictator

4. the common people in Rome

5. the patricians

6. legions

7. Augustus

8. Caesar and Pompey went to war

9. Hannibal

10. The defeat of the Carthaginians

11. Julius Caesar

12. The Twelve Tables

13. Pax Romana

14. a system of laws and government

15. Because it meant that Roman gods would no longer be worshipped

16. All landowning men

17. Christianity

18. aqueducts

19. the Colosseum

20. They were afraid the vast power he held would destroy the Roman Republic

21. The Rubicon